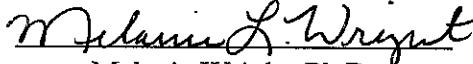

Work Order No. 03917.008.007

**No. 1 and No. 2 Combination Boilers
Particulate Matter
Emission Compliance Test Report
Bowater Incorporated
Catawba, South Carolina
18 July 2006**

Prepared For

BOWATER INCORPORATED
5300 Cureton Ferry Road
Catawba, South Carolina 29704


Temp Simpkins
Project Manager
Approved for Transmittal


Melanie Wright, Ph.D.
Quality Assurance Manager
Approved for Transmittal

Prepared By

WESTON SOLUTIONS, INC.
1625 Pumphrey Ave.
Auburn, Alabama 36832-4303
Phone: (334) 466-5600 Fax: (334) 466-5660

17 August 2006



TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION 1	INTRODUCTION	1-1
SECTION 2	RESULTS AND DISCUSSION	2-1
SECTION 3	SOURCE TESTING METHODOLOGY	3-1

APPENDIX A SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

APPENDIX B TEST METHODOLOGY

APPENDIX C FIELD DATA – NO. 1 COMBINATION BOILER

APPENDIX D FIELD DATA – NO. 2 COMBINATION BOILER

APPENDIX E LABORATORY DATA

APPENDIX F QUALITY CONTROL DATA

APPENDIX G PROCESS OPERATING/PRODUCTION DATA

LIST OF TABLES

Table 2-1 Summary of Emission Results	2-1
Table 2-2 No. 1 Combination Boiler Summary of PM Emission Results	2-2
Table 2-3 No. 2 Combination Boiler Summary of PM Emission Results	2-3
Table 3-1 Source Testing Methodology	3-1



SECTION 1 INTRODUCTION

Weston Solutions, Inc. (WESTON[®]) was retained by Bowater Incorporated (Bowater) to conduct particulate matter (PM) emission testing on the No. 1 and No. 2 Combination Boilers at the mill in Catawba, South Carolina. The purpose of the testing was to demonstrate compliance with the South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (DHEC) permit limits.

WESTON performed the emission testing during 18 July 2006. The project team was comprised of the following individuals.

Name	Project Role
Temp Simpkins	Project Manager/Test Team Leader
Wayne Roberts	Technical Director
Melanie Wright	Quality Assurance Manager
Bart McDaniel	Test Team Member
Justin Hall	Test Team Member
Natalie Hornsby	Report Coordinator

Ms. Jacquelyn Taylor of Bowater coordinated the testing with mill operations and served as WESTON's technical contact throughout the effort. A representative of DHEC was not present during the testing.



SECTION 2 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Table 2-1 presents a summary of the mean emission results for each source.

TABLE 2-1
SUMMARY OF EMISSION RESULTS

Parameter	Mean Results		
	No. 1 Combination Boiler	No. 2 Combination Boiler	Permit Limits
Particulate Matter			
Concentration, gr/dscf	0.030	0.034	---
Emission Rate, lb/hr	36	48	---
Emission Rate, lb/MMBtu	0.088	0.100	0.6

Tables 2-2 and 2-3 provide detailed summaries of the emission results, with comparison to the permit limit. Any differences between the calculated results presented in the appendices and the results reported in the summary tables are due to rounding for presentation.

TABLE 2-2
NO. 1 COMBINATION BOILER
SUMMARY OF PM EMISSION RESULTS

	Run 1	Run 2	Run 3	Mean
Date	7/18/06	7/18/06	7/18/06	----
Time Began	1510	1646	1811	----
Time Ended	1612	1752	1918	----
Stack Gas Data				
Temperature, °F	374	388	386	383
Velocity, ft/sec	57	58	58	58
Moisture, %	17	17	16	17
CO ₂ Concentration, %	8.3	9.4	10.1	9.3
O ₂ Concentration, %	11.5	10.1	9.4	10.3
VFR, x 10 ⁵ dscfm	1.38	1.40	1.41	1.39
Particulate Matter				
Isokinetic Sampling Rate, %	101	101	101	101
Concentration, gr/dscf	0.056	0.016	0.019	0.030
Emission Rate, lb/hr	66	20	23	36
Emission Factor, lb/MMBtu	0.171	0.044	0.048	0.088
Permit Limit, lb/MMBtu	----	----	----	0.6

TABLE 2-3
NO. 2 COMBINATION BOILER
SUMMARY OF PM EMISSION RESULTS

	Run 1	Run 2	Run 3	Mean
Date	7/18/06	7/18/06	7/18/06	----
Time Began	0949	1130	1315	----
Time Ended	1056	1237	1423	----
Stack Gas Data				
Temperature, °F	408	416	420	415
Velocity, ft/sec	71	72	74	72
Moisture, %	18	14	16	16
CO ₂ Concentration, %	8.3	9.2	8.4	8.6
O ₂ Concentration, %	11.5	10.5	11.4	11.1
VFR, x 10 ⁵ dscfm	1.64	1.72	1.71	1.69
Particulate Matter				
Isokinetic Sampling Rate, %	106	100	102	103
Concentration, gr/dscf	0.033	0.030	0.037	0.034
Emission Rate, lb/hr	47	44	55	48
Emission Factor, lb/MMBtu	0.103	0.083	0.114	0.100
Permit Limit, lb/MMBtu	----	----	----	0.6



SECTION 3

SOURCE TESTING METHODOLOGY

The emission testing program was conducted in accordance with the U.S. EPA Reference Methods summarized in Table 3-1. Method descriptions and quality assurance data are provided in the referenced appendices.

TABLE 3-1
SOURCE TESTING METHODOLOGY

Parameter	Method Number	Appendix Reference		Comments
		Method Description	Quality Control Data	
Volumetric Flow Rate	1,2,3A,4	B.1	F	
Particulate Matter	5	B.2	F	

Instrumental analysis was performed on integrated bag samples to determine oxygen (O_2) and carbon dioxide (CO_2) concentrations.

Post-test equipment calibrations for the probe and pitot will be maintained on file at WESTON.



APPENDIX A

SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

No. 1 Combination Boiler Run No. 1

Meter Pressure (Pm), in. Hg

$$P_m = P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6 \text{ in. } H_2O/\text{in. Hg}}$$

where, Pb = barometric pressure, in. Hg
 ΔH = Pressure differential of orifice in. H_2O

$$P_m = 29.41 \text{ in. Hg} + \frac{1.325 \text{ in. } H_2O}{13.6 \text{ in. } H_2O/\text{in. Hg}} = 29.51 \text{ in. Hg}$$

Absolute Stack Gas Pressure (Ps), in. Hg

$$P_s = P_b + \frac{P_g}{13.6 \text{ in. } H_2O/\text{in. Hg}}$$

where, Pb = barometric pressure, in. Hg
 P_g = Static Pressure, in. H_2O

$$P_s = 29.41 \text{ in. Hg} + \frac{-0.50 \text{ in. } H_2O}{13.6 \text{ in. } H_2O/\text{in. Hg}} = 29.37 \text{ in. Hg}$$

Standard Meter Volume (Vmstd), dscf

$$V_{mstd} = \frac{17.64 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{R/in. Hg} \times Y \times V_m \times P_m}{T_m}$$

where, Y = meter correction factor
 V_m = meter volume, cf
 P_m = meter pressure, in. Hg
 T_m = meter temperature, $^{\circ}\text{R}$

$$V_{mstd} = \frac{17.64 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{R/in. Hg} \times 1.003 \times 39.347 \text{ cf} \times 29.51 \text{ in. Hg}}{557 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{R}} = 36.880 \text{ dscf}$$

Standard Wet Volume (Vwstd), scf

$$V_{wstd} = 0.04707 \text{ ft}^3/\text{mL} \times V_{lc}$$

where, V_{lc} = volume of H_2O collected, mL

$$V_{wstd} = 0.04707 \text{ ft}^3/\text{mL} \times 159.0 \text{ mL} = 7.484 \text{ scf}$$

Moisture Fraction (Measured), (Bws)

$$B_{ws} = \frac{V_{wstd}}{(V_{wstd} + V_{mstd})} = \frac{7.484 \text{ scf}}{7.484 \text{ scf} + 36.880 \text{ dscf}} = 0.169$$

where, V_{wstd} = standard wet volume, scf
 V_{mstd} = standard meter volume, dscf

Moisture, % (M%)

$$M\% = B_{ws} \times 100 = 0.169 \times 100 = 16.9$$

where, B_{ws} = moisture fraction, measured or at saturation, whichever is lowest

Molecular Weight (DRY) (Md), lb/lb-mole

$$Md = (0.44 \times \% \text{ CO}_2) + (0.32 \times \% \text{ O}_2) + (0.28(100 - \% \text{ CO}_2 - \% \text{ O}_2))$$

$$Md = (0.44 \times 8.3) + (0.32 \times 11.5) + (0.28(100 - 8.3 - 11.5)) = 29.79 \text{ lb/lb - mole}$$

Molecular Weight (WET) (Ms), lb/lb-mole

$$Ms = Md (1 - B_{ws}) + 18(B_{ws})$$

where, Md = molecular weight (DRY), lb/lb-mole
 B_{ws} = moisture fraction, dimensionless

$$Ms = 29.79 \text{ lb/lb - mole} (1 - 0.169) + 18(0.169) = 27.80 \text{ lb/lb - mole}$$

Average Velocity (Vs), ft/sec

$$Vs = 85.49 \frac{ft}{sec} \sqrt{\frac{(lb/lb - mole)(in. Hg)}{(^oR)(in. H_2O)}} \times Cp \times \sqrt{Delta P \text{ avg.}} \times \sqrt{\frac{T_s}{P_s \times M_s}}$$

where, C_p = pitot tube coefficient
 ΔP = velocity head of stack gas, in. H_2O
 T_s = absolute stack temperature, oR
 P_s = absolute stack gas pressure, in. Hg
 M_s = molecular weight of stack gas, lb/lb-mole

$$Vs = 85.49 \frac{ft}{sec} \sqrt{\frac{(lb/lb - mole)(in. Hg)}{(^oR)(in. H_2O)}} \times 0.84 \times 0.783 \text{ in. } H_2O \times \sqrt{\frac{834 \text{ } ^oR}{29.37 \text{ in. } Hg \times 27.80 \text{ lb/lb - mole}}}$$

$$Vs = 56.83 \text{ ft/sec}$$

Average Stack Gas Flow at Stack Conditions (Qa), acfm

$$Qa = 60 \text{ sec/min} \times Vs \times As$$

where, Vs = stack gas velocity, ft/sec
 As = cross-sectional area of stack, ft^2

$$Qa = 60 \text{ sec/min} \times 56.83 \text{ ft/sec} \times 78.54 \text{ ft}^2 = 2.68 E + 05 \text{ acfm}$$

Average Stack Gas Flow at Standard Conditions (Qs), dscfm

$$Qs = 17.64 \frac{^oR}{in. Hg} \times Qa \times (1 - Bws) \times \frac{P_s}{T_s}$$

where, Qa = average stack gas flow at stack conditions, ft^3/min
 Bws = moisture content (dimensionless)
 P_s = absolute stack gas pressure, in. Hg
 T_s = absolute stack temperature, oR

$$Qs = 17.64 \frac{^oR}{in. Hg} \times 2.68 E + 05 \frac{acf}{min} \times (1 - 0.169) \times \frac{29.37 \text{ in. } Hg}{834 \text{ } ^oR} = 1.38 E + 05 \text{ dscfm}$$

Percent Isokinetic Sampling Rate (%I)

$$\% I = \frac{0.0945(\text{in. Hg})(\text{min})/(\text{°R})(\text{sec}) \times T_s \times V_{mstd}}{P_s \times V_s \times A_n \times \Theta \times (1 - B_{ws})}$$

where,
 Ts = avg. stack temperature, °R
 Vmstd = standard meter volume, dscf
 Ps = absolute stack gas pressure, in. Hg
 Vs = stack gas velocity, ft/sec
 An = cross-sectional area of nozzle, ft²
 Θ = total sampling time, min
 Bws = moisture content (dimensionless)

$$\% I = \frac{0.0945(\text{in. Hg})(\text{min})/(\text{°R})(\text{sec}) \times 834 \text{ °R} \times 36.880 \text{ dscf}}{29.37 \text{ in. Hg} \times 56.83 \text{ ft/sec} \times 3.46 E - 04 \text{ ft}^2 \times 60 \text{ min} \times (1 - 0.169)}$$

$$\% I = 100.8$$

Particulate Matter Concentration at Standard Conditions (Cs), gr/dscf

$$Cs = 15.43 \frac{\text{gr}}{\text{g}} \times \frac{Mn}{V_{mstd}} = 15.43 \frac{\text{gr}}{\text{g}} \times \frac{0.1327 \text{ g}}{36.880 \text{ dscf}} = 0.056 \text{ gr/dscf}$$

where,
 Mn = particulate matter collected, g
 Vmstd = std. meter volume, dscf

Particulate Matter Emission Rate (PMR), lb/hr

$$PMR = \frac{Cs \times Q_s \times 60 \frac{\text{min}}{\text{hr}}}{7000 \frac{\text{gr}}{\text{lb}}}$$

where,
 Cs = particulate conc. at std. cond., gr/dscf
 Qs = avg. stack gas flow at std. cond., dscf/min

$$PMR = \frac{0.056 \times 1.38 E + 05 \times 60 \frac{\text{min}}{\text{hr}}}{7000 \frac{\text{gr}}{\text{lb}}}$$

$$PMR = 65.8$$

PM Emission Factor (EMF), lb/MMBtu (correcting for O₂)

$$EMF = PM \text{ conc.} \frac{gr}{dscf} \times \frac{lb}{7,000 gr} \times F - Factor, \frac{dscf}{MMBtu} \times \frac{20.9}{20.9 - \% O_2}$$

where, Pm conc. = Cs
 F-Factor = defined by client or CFR, scf/MMBtu

$$EMF = 0.056 \frac{gr}{dscf} \times \frac{lb}{7,000 gr} \times 9,680 \frac{dscf}{MMBtu} \times \frac{20.9}{20.9 - 11.5}$$

$$EMF = 0.1707$$

Prorated F-Factor Calculation

$$Prorated F - Factor = \frac{(9,600 \frac{dscf}{MMBtu} \times 65\%) + (9,190 \frac{dscf}{MMBtu} \times 29\%) + (15,500 \frac{dscf}{MMBtu} \times 5\%)}{100}$$

$$Prorated F - Factor = 9,680 \text{ dscf/MMBtu}$$

where, 9,600 dscf/MMBtu is the Bark F-Factor
 9,190 dscf/MMBtu is the Oil F-Factor
 15,500 dscf/MMBtu is the TDF F-Factor



APPENDIX B

TEST METHODOLOGY

B.1 VOLUMETRIC FLOW RATE

B.2 PARTICULATE MATTER

B.1 VOLUMETRIC FLOW RATE

Mass emission rates are calculated by multiplying measured target analyte concentrations by calculated volumetric flow rates. Volumetric flow rates are calculated using measurement data obtained by EPA Reference Methods 1-4.

The ductwork is measured at the sample location to the nearest 0.25 inch using a steel tape measure. Traverse points are selected in accordance with EPA Reference Method 1 on the basis of ductwork dimensions, geometry, and upstream and downstream disturbances. When a sample location does not meet EPA Reference Method 1 criteria, the maximum recommended number of traverse points is used.

Gas Velocity

The velocity of the gas stream is measured in accordance with EPA Reference Method 2 by reading the instantaneous velocity pressure with an inclined manometer at each traverse point using either a standard "P" type or an "S" type pitot tube. The stack pressure is calculated from the measured static pressure of the stack and the ambient barometric pressure. The static pressure is measured by using the static side of the pitot tube, and the barometric pressure is measured using a calibrated aneroid barometer. Magnahelic® gauges with scales of 0 to 5 and 0 to 25 inches of water or an inclined manometer with a scale of 0 to 10 inches of water are used for velocity pressure measurements. Manometer selection is determined by the velocity pressure of the gas stream. A manometer with a 0 to 0.25 inch scale may be used when the velocity pressure of the gas stream is less than 0.02 inches of water. By convention, any measured velocity pressures of less than 0.005 inches of water are recorded and reported as less than 0.005 inches of water. The stack temperature is measured with a calibrated thermocouple and pyrometer.

For low velocity pressure measurements (less than 0.005 inches of water) a hot wire anemometer may be used to measure the velocity of the gas stream. The indicated velocity is used without correction when the gas stream is ambient air with a moisture content of less than 65%. The indicated velocity is corrected in accordance with procedures specified by the manufacturer when the moisture content exceeds 65% or when the dry gas fraction is something other than ambient air.

Gas Composition and Moisture Content

The composition of the gas stream is measured in accordance with EPA Reference Method 3A using an analyzer.

Integrated samples are collected by withdrawing a sample from the source through a moisture condenser into a Tedlar® sample bag. The bag is then analyzed using a calibrated O₂/CO₂ analyzer.

The moisture content of the gas stream is determined using one of the following procedures:

- For sources requiring testing by EPA Reference or Test Methods 5, 8, 12, 13, 17, 23, 26A, 29, 0010, or 0011, moisture is determined by EPA Reference Method 4. At the conclusion of each run the volume of condensed moisture in the impingers of the sampling train is measured and used to calculate the moisture content of the gas stream.
- For sources with temperatures greater than 212 °F, the approximation technique described in EPA Reference Method 4 may be used with midget impingers to condense moisture before dry gas volume measurement.
- For sources with a temperature of less than 212 °F, wet bulb/dry bulb temperature measurements may be made, and the moisture content calculated using vapor pressure tables.

When multiple methods are used for moisture determinations, the lowest moisture value is used for volumetric flow calculations.

The molecular weight of the gas stream is calculated using the measured moisture, oxygen, and carbon dioxide concentrations. The balance of the gas stream is assumed to be nitrogen. The volumetric flow is then calculated at stack and standard conditions using the calculated molecular weight, the measured stack temperature, and measured velocity, stack and barometric pressures. Standard conditions are 68 °F and 29.92 inches of mercury and 0% moisture.

Data Acquisition and Reporting

Data are recorded at the time of collection on preprinted data sheets. Calculations are performed (where possible) with preprogrammed calculators or spreadsheet software.

Quality Control

Quality control procedures for volumetric flow measurements involve leak checks of pitot tubes, pitot tube lines and manometers; periodic analysis of ambient air and duplicate analysis of source gas samples with the Fyrite analyzer; triplicate analysis with the Orsat analyzer; and periodic calibration checks of thermocouples and pyrometers.

Data transfers are minimized. Data sheets are checked for completeness and accuracy. Calculations are verified by a second person.

Data transfers are minimized. Data sheets are checked for completeness and accuracy. Calculations are verified by a second person.

B.2 PARTICULATE MATTER

Particulate matter (PM) emission testing is conducted using EPA Reference Method 5. EPA Reference Methods 1-4 are used, as appropriate, for traverse point selection, determination of stack gas molecular weight, stack gas moisture determination, and volumetric flow rate.

Sampling Equipment and Procedures

The sampling train utilized to perform the PM sampling is an EPA Reference Method 5 train manufactured by Graseby-Nutech, Graseby-Anderson, or Apex Instruments (see Figure B-1). A measured borosilicate, quartz glass, or stainless steel (316) nozzle is attached to a heated (248 ± 25 °F) borosilicate or quartz glass, or stainless steel probe of appropriate length. The probe is connected to a heated (248 ± 25 °F) borosilicate glass filter holder containing a 9-cm glass fiber filter (preweighed to a constant 0.1 mg weight). The first and second impingers each contain 100 mL of distilled water, the third impinger is empty, and the fourth impinger contains 200 to 300 grams of dry preweighed silica gel. The second impinger is a standard Greenburg-Smith type. The first, third, and fourth impingers are of a modified design. All impingers are maintained in a crushed ice bath. A gas measuring control console with a leak-free vacuum pump, a calibrated dry gas meter, a calibrated orifice, and inclined manometers are connected to the final impinger, probe, heated filter holder, and pitot tube via an umbilical cord to complete the train.

Flue gas velocity is measured with a calibrated S-type pitot tube (provided with extensions) fastened alongside the sampling nozzle. Flue gas temperature is monitored with a calibrated direct readout pyrometer equipped with a chromel-alumel (Type K) thermocouple positioned near the sampling nozzle. The probe, filter box, and impinger exit gas temperatures are monitored with a calibrated direct readout pyrometer equipped with Type K thermocouples positioned in the probe, heated filter chamber, and in the sample gas stream after the last impinger. Stack gas stream composition (carbon dioxide and oxygen content) is determined as previously described. The sampling rate is adjusted, based on stack velocity, at each point to ensure the sample is collected isokinetically.

At the conclusion of each test, the sampling train is leak checked. Upon completion of a successful leak check, the sampling train is dismantled, openings are sealed, and the components recovered as described below.

- The glass fiber filter(s) is/are removed from its holder with tweezers and placed in its original container, along with any particulate and filter fragments (Sample Fraction 1).

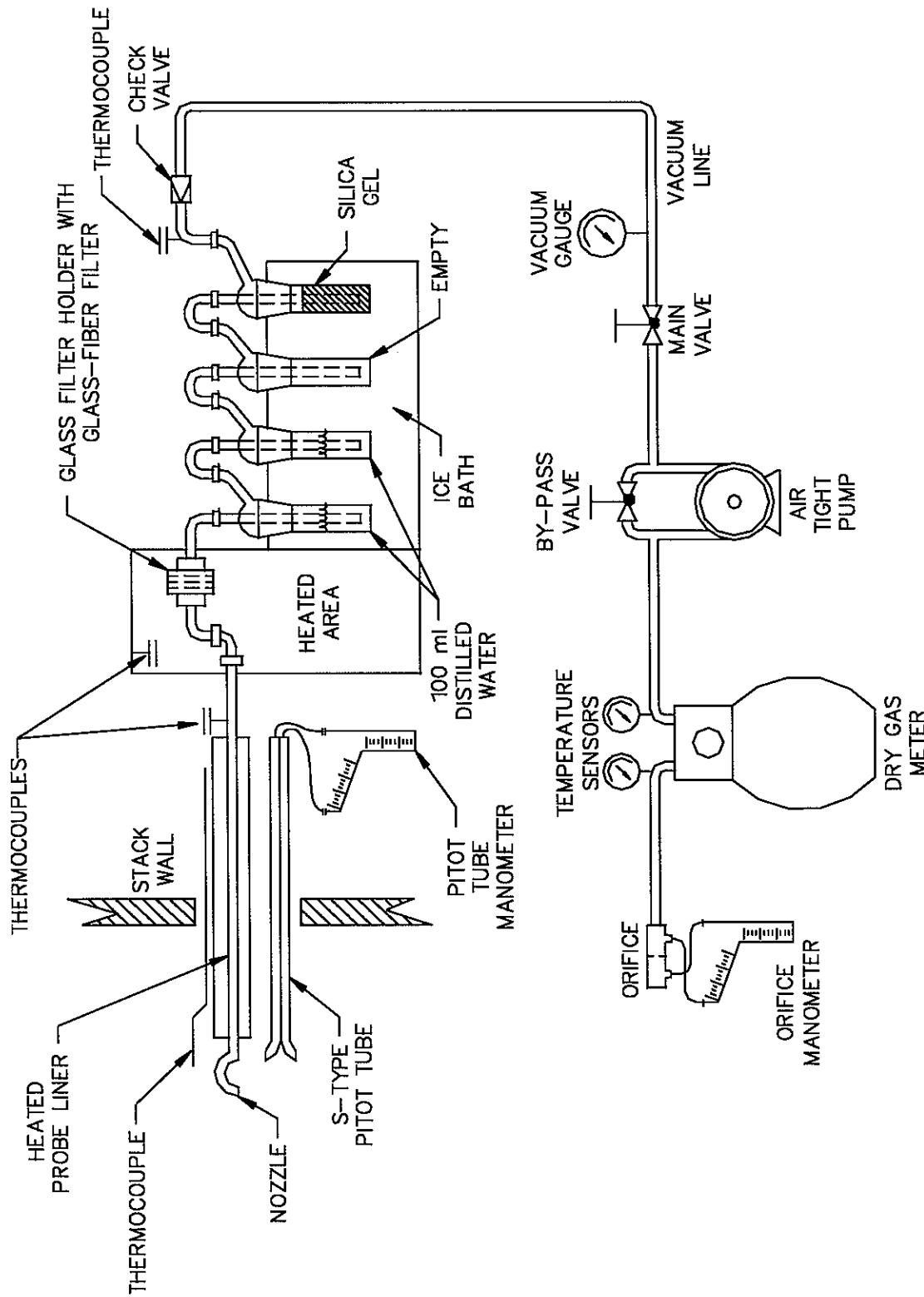


Figure B-1 EPA Reference Method 5 Sampling Train

- The probe and nozzle are separated and the particulate rinsed with distilled water or acetone into a polyethylene container while brushing a minimum of three times. Particulate adhering to the brush is rinsed with the appropriate solvent into the same container. The front half of the filter holder and connecting glassware are also rinsed. These rinses are combined (Sample Fraction 2).
- The total liquid content of impingers one, two, and three are measured volumetrically for stack gas moisture content calculation. This liquid is discarded.
- The silica gel is removed from the last impinger and immediately weighed to the nearest 0.1 g for stack gas moisture content calculation.
- Aliquots of the appropriate solvents and a filter are retained for blank analyses.

Each sample bottle is labeled to clearly identify its contents. The liquid level is marked on each bottle. The samples are then secured for transport to a laboratory for analysis. Sample integrity is assured by maintaining chain-of-custody records.

Sample Analysis

The particulate analysis proceeds as follows:

- The sample filters (Sample Fraction 1) and blank filter are desiccated for 24 hours and weighed to the nearest 0.1 mg to constant (± 0.5 mg) weight.
- The nozzle, probe, and front half of the filter holder wash samples (Sample Fraction 2), along with the solvent blank, are evaporated in tared beakers, then desiccated and weighed to the nearest 0.1 mg to constant (± 0.5 mg) weights.

The total weight of material measured in the front half wash in addition to the weight of material collected on the glass fiber filter represent the total PM catch for each train. Blank corrections are made where appropriate for all sample weights.

Data Acquisition and Reduction

Data are recorded at the time of collection on preprinted data sheets. Calculations are performed with preprogrammed calculators or spreadsheet software. Data transfers are minimized. Field and laboratory data sheets are checked for completeness and accuracy. Calculations are verified by a second person.

Quality Control

Dry gas meters are calibrated before and after sampling. Thermocouples are calibrated against mercury thermometers, and aneroid barometers are calibrated against a mercury barometer. WESTON participated satisfactorily in the most recent dry gas meter audit supplied by the EPA. Those data are on file at WESTON.

Prior to and following each run, the sampling train is leak checked. An acceptable leak rate does not exceed the lesser of 0.02 actual cubic feet per minute (acf m) or 4% of the actual sampling rate. The isokinetic sampling rate is calculated at the completion of each sample run. If the isokinetic sampling rate is not within $100\% \pm 10\%$, the sample run is repeated.

Samples are transported to the laboratory under chain-of-custody. Solvent blanks and filter blanks are analyzed at the same time as the samples. The mass collected on the filters and the mass in the probe wash are corrected by the blank measurements.

WESTON uses Class S weights during each stage of the analysis to verify the accuracy of the balance. The balance is repaired and recalibrated before proceeding if there is a significant difference in the actual mass and measured mass.



APPENDIX C
FIELD DATA – NO. 1 COMBINATION BOILER

Bowater
Catawba, South Carolina

03917.008.007
No. 1 Combination Boiler

ISOKINETIC CALCULATIONS

Run Number		1	2	3	Mean
Date		7/18/06	7/18/06	7/18/06	---
Time Began		310	1646	1811	---
Time Ended		412	1752	1918	---
INPUT DATA					
Sampling Time, min	(Theta)	60	60	60	60
Stack Diameter, in.	(Dia.)	120.00	120.00	120.00	120.00
Barometric Pressure, in. Hg	(Pb)	29.41	29.41	29.41	29.41
Static Pressure, in. H2O	(Pg)	-0.50	-0.50	-0.50	-0.50
Pitot Tube Coefficient	(Cp)	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84
Meter Correction Factor	(Y)	1.0030	1.0030	1.0030	1.0030
Orifice Calibration Value	(Delta H@)	1.7830	1.7830	1.7830	1.7830
Nozzle Diameter, in.	(Dn)	0.252	0.252	0.252	0.252
Meter Volume, ft^3	(Vm)	39.347	40.007	40.472	39.942
Meter Temperature, °F	(Tm)	97.0	102.5	102.3	100.6
Meter Temperature, °R	(Tm-R)	557.0	562.5	562.3	560.6
Meter Orifice Pressure, in. H2O	(Delta H)	1.325	1.352	1.369	1.349
Ave Sq Rt Orifice Press, (in. H2O)^½	((Delta H)^½)avg	1.145	1.158	1.163	1.155
Volume H2O Collected, mL	(Vlc)	159.0	158.6	157.6	158.4
CO2 Concentration, %	(CO2)	8.3	9.4	10.1	9.3
O2 Concentration, %	(O2)	11.5	10.1	9.4	10.3
Ave Sq Rt Velo Head, (in. H2O)^½	((Delta P)^½)avg	0.783	0.797	0.801	0.794
Stack Temperature, °F	(Ts)	374.0	388.0	386.2	382.7
Stack Temperature, °R	(Ts-R)	834.0	848.0	846.2	842.7
Particulate Collected, g	(Mn)	0.1327	0.0392	0.0461	0.0727
Moisture Fraction (at Saturation)	(BWS)	NA	NA	NA	NA
O2 F-Factor, dscf/MMBtu	(Fd)	9680	9780	9784	9748
CALCULATED DATA					
Nozzle Area, ft²	(An)	3.46E-04	3.46E-04	3.46E-04	3.46E-04
Stack Area, ft²	(As)	78.54	78.54	78.54	78.54
Stack Pressure, in. Hg	(Ps)	29.37	29.37	29.37	29.37
Meter Pressure, in. Hg	(Pm)	29.51	29.51	29.51	29.51
Standard Meter Volume, ft³	(Vmstd)	36.880	37.134	37.581	37.198
Standard water volume, ft³	(Vwstd)	7.484	7.465	7.418	7.456
Moisture Fraction (Measured)	(BWS)	0.169	0.167	0.165	0.167
Moisture Fraction (lower sat/meas)	(BWS)	0.169	0.167	0.165	0.167
Mol. Wt. of Dry Gas, lb/lb-mole	(Md)	29.79	29.91	29.99	29.90
Mol. Wt. of Stack Gas, lb/lb-mole	(Ms)	27.80	27.91	28.02	27.91
Average Stack Gas Velocity, ft/sec	(Vs)	56.83	58.20	58.34	57.79
Stack Gas Flow, actual, ft³/min	(Qa)	267786	274283	274942	272337
Stack Gas Flow, Std , ft³/min	(Qs)	138302	139540	140599	139480
Isokinetic Sampling Rate, %	(%I)	100.8	100.6	101.0	100.8
Particulate Conc (@ Std Cond, gr/ft³)	(Cs)	0.0555	0.0163	0.0189	0.0302
Particulate Emission, lb/hr	(PMR)	65.8	19.5	22.8	36.0
Particulate Emission Factor, lb/MMBtu	(Fd)	0.1707	0.0440	0.0481	0.0876
Calibration check	(Yqa)	1.0007	0.9987	0.9899	0.996
Percent difference from Y					-0.65%

CZ 8093

$$T_{50} = 100.4$$

$$\Delta T_{50} = 16.9$$

ISOKINETIC FIELD DATA SHEET

Client		Stack Conditions		Method										
W.O #	Project ID	Assumed	Actual	Meter Box ID	K Factor 2, 1/1	Initial	Mid-Point	Final						
	1320 - 100% Moisture H1 C3 Stack	16	150	Meter Box Del H Probe ID / Length	1.703	5	Leak Checks	0.12						
			9.0	Probe Material	12.7	55	Sample Train (ft ³)	12						
				Pilot / Thermocouple ID	124	1	Leak Check @ (in Hg)	10						
				Pilot Coefficient	84		Pilot good	10						
		02, % by Vol	28.8	Nozzle ID	2.52		Overshoot	10						
	Test Method ID	Temperature (°F)	100	Avg Nozzle Dia (in)	8.54		Temp Check	10						
	Date ID	Meter Temp (°F)	- .5	Area of Stack (ft ²)	60		Meter Box Temp	10						
	Source/Location	Static Press (in Hg)		Sample Time	24		Reference Temp	10						
	Sample Date	Ambient Temp (°F)		Total Traverse Pts			Pass/Fail	Pass / Fail						
	Baro. Press (in Hg)						yes / no	yes / no						
	Operator													
TRAVERSE POINT NO.	SAMPLE TIME (min)	CLOCK TIME (plant time)	VELOCITY PRESSURE Data P (in H ₂ O)	ORIFICE PRESSURE Delta H (in H ₂ O)	DRY GAS METER READING (ft ³)	STACK TEMP (°F)	DGM INLET TEMP (°F)	DGM OUTLET TEMP (°F)	FILTER BOX TEMP (°F)	PROBE TEMP (°F)	FILTER IMPINGER	SAMPLE EXIT TEMP (°F)	SAMPLE TRAIN VAC (in Hg)	COMMENTS
A 1 0	2.5	310	.58	1.2	238.86	363	96	251	270	65	5	22.3		
A 2 5.0	.55	1.2	240.43	364	96	252	271	65	5	22.4				
A 3 7.5	.49	1.0	241.97	365	96	255	241	53	4	22.6	Filter			
A 4 10.0	.45	.96	243.29	366	96	254	244	52	4	23.0	22- 12			
A 5 12.5	.40	.86	244.62	365	97	254	239	50	3	23.1	CO2 - 6.5			
B 6 15.0	.48	1.0	245.995	364	96	254	239	56	4	22.9				
B 7 17.5	.76	1.6	247.86	371	96	253	240	50	6	23.1				
B 8 20.0	.80	1.7	249.95	376	96	252	241	58	7	22.7				
B 9 22.5	.83	1.8	251.65	379	97	253	247	51	8	23.5				
C 10 25.0	.81	1.7	253.50	373	97	254	246	52	7	24.1				
C 11 27.5	.75	1.6	255.34	365	97	253	241	52	7	24.9				
C 12 30.0	.39	1.3	256.965	359	97	251	242							
C 13 32.5	.72	1.5	258.72	376	97	253	254	59	7	23.8				
C 14 35.0	.74	1.6	260.32	381	97	254	250	54	7	24.1				
C 15 37.5	.75	1.6	262.32	381	97	254	243	55	7	24.7				
C 16 40.0	.72	1.5	264.05	380	97	253	242	52	6	25.3				
C 17 42.5	.47.5	1.5	265.72	380	97	254	245	54	6	25.5				
C 18 45.0	.59.0	1.3	267.3	379	98	254	248	55	6	25.5				
D 19 47.5	45.0	1.3	269.11	381	98	255	249	56	7	25.4				
D 20 50.0	52.5	1.3	270.79	384	98	253	235	59	6	24.3				
D 21 52.5	55.0	1.2	272.31	384	99	251	257	60	6	24.6				
D 22 55.0	52.5	1.1	273.80	384	99	255	241	57	5	25.1				
D 23 57.5	45.0	.96	275.31	383	99	254	243	57	5	25.4				
D 24 60.0	41.2	.13	276.604	378	99	255	244	57	5	25.5				
D 25 62.5	78.31	.92	Avg Sqrt Delta P	Avg Delta H	Total Volume	Avg T _s	Avg T _m	Min/Max	Max Temp	Max Vac	Max Temp	Comments:		
D 26 65.0	1.325		78.31	39.317	374	97						1.1445		

WESTON
DESIGNERS CONSULTANTS
MANAGERS

CZ 80941

ISOKINETIC FIELD DATA SHEET

Procedure

Client W.O.#	Stack Conditions Assumed	Actual	Meter Box ID	Meter Box Y	A015
Project ID	Locate - cut-to % Moisture		1.003	1.783	Leak Checks
Model/Source ID	ICB Stack	16	150	D7	Sample Train (ft ³)
Samp. Loc. ID	Silica gel (g)	5.6	55	SS	Leak Check @ (in Hg)
Run No.ID	CO ₂ , % by Vol	1.3	Pt	Pt	Pilot good
Test Method ID	O2, % by Vol	1.3765	Pt	Pt	Orsat good
Date ID	Temperature (°F)	100	84	84	Temp Check
Source/Location	Meter Temp (°F)	38.5			Meter Box Temp
Sample Date	Static Press (in Hg)	1.00			Reference Temp
Operator	Ambient Temp (°F)	-5			Pass/Fail (+/- 2°)
	Total Traverse Pts	95			Temp Change Response?
		24			Pass / Fail
					yes / no

Method 5

TRAVERSE POINT NO.	SAMPLE TIME (min)	CLOCK TIME (plant time)	VELOCITY PRESSURE Delta P (in H ₂ O)	DRY GAS METER READING (ft ³)	ORIFICE PRESSURE Delta H (in H ₂ O)	STACK TEMP (°F)	DGM INLET TEMP (°F)	DGM OUTLET TEMP (°F)	PROBE TEMP (°F)	FILTER BOX TEMP (°F)	IMPINGER EXIT TEMP (°F)	SAMPLE TRAIN VAC (in Hg)	COMMENTS	
													A	B
A 1	2.5	1646	1.6	277.5D3	.69	389	99	249	263	68	6	343	Imp 1	241
A 2	5.0		1.5	281.3	39.0	99	251	258	65	6	237	2	106	105
A 3	7.5		1.3	282.8	39.1	100	254	243	56	6	232	3	-0.2	3
A 4	10.0		1.1	284.3	39.1	100	253	243	55	5	238	2	gain	
A 5	12.5		1.0	285.7	39.1	101	253	245	55	4	240			
A 6	15.0		1.0	287.0	389	101	253	243	56	4	239	2	338.7	
A 7	17.5		1.5	288.7	387	101	253	242	62	4	225	-	330.1	
A 8	20.0		1.7	290.7	390	101	253	242	59	6	238	2	gain	8.4
A 9	22.5		1.6	292.4	390	102	254	243	58	6	255			
A 10	25.0		1.5	294.2	390	103	253	243	57	5	261			
A 11	27.5		1.3	295.8	389	102	254	242	58	6	261			
A 12	30.0		1.2	297.4	387	103	254	242	59	6	258			
A 13	32.5		1.4	297.3	384	103	253	242	63	6	241			
A 14	35.0		1.3	301.1	388	103	253	245	61	7	250			
A 15	37.5		1.6	303.0	389	103	253	243	59	7	242			
A 16	40.0		1.5	304.7	389	104	255	243	59	7	265			
A 17	42.5		1.4	306.6	388	104	255	247	60	6	263			
A 18	45.0		1.3	308.2	387	104	253	245	60	6	262			
A 19	47.5		1.5	309.9	391	104	253	244	64	6	260			
A 20	50.0		1.4	311.4	384	104	254	245	62	7	250			
A 21	52.5		1.3	313.2	385	104	254	244	60	5	260			
A 22	55.0		1.1	314.7	385	104	258	246	61	5	261			
A 23	57.5		1.6	316.1	385	104	253	242	61	4	258			
A 24	60.0		1.3	317.510	384	105	253	243	60	4	260			
				Avg Delta H										
				Avg Sqr Delta H	1.353	✓	10.007	✓	387.9					
				Avg Sqr Del H	1.158	/								
				Comments:	388									

WESTON
DESIGNERS CONSULTANTS
MANAGERS

ISOKINETIC FIELD DATA SHEET

Locate Here

Client	Stack Conditions Assumed	Actual	Meter Box ID	Meter Box Y	Meter Box Da H	Leak Checks	Final						
W.O.#					PR7	Sample Train (ft)	DOZ						
Project ID	BC-00005 - Catalyst % Moisture	16			SS	Leak Check @ (in Hg)	72						
Model/Source ID	#1 C5	1/16			PI	Pilot good	10						
Samp. Loc. ID	Stack	11.4				Orsat good	yes / no						
Run No.ID	2												
Test Method ID	5												
Date ID	7/17/06												
Source/Location													
Sample Date	7/18/06												
Baro. Press (in Hg)	29.41												
Operator	MS/MS	ATT-7001											
TRAVERSE POINT NO.	SAMPLE TIME (min)	CLOCK TIME (plant time)	VELOCITY PRESSURE Delta P (in H2O)	ORIFICE PRESSURE Delta H (in H2O)	DRY GAS METER READING (ft3)	STACK TEMP (°F)	DGM INLET TEMP (°F)	DGM OUTLET TEMP (°F)	PROBE TEMP (°F)	FILTER BOX TEMP (°F)	IMPINGER EXIT TEMP (°F)	SAMPLE TRAIN VAC (in Hg)	COMMENTS
P	0	1811			317.752								
1	2.5				319.7	384	101						
2	5.0				322.0	387	101						
3	7.5				323.4	388	101						
4	10.0				325.1	389	102						
5	12.5				326.5	388	102						
6	15.0				327.8	386	102						
7	17.5				329.9	387	101						
8	20.0				331.4	389	101						
9	22.5				333.4	389	101						
10	25.0				335.7	389	102						
11	27.5				337.1	387	102						
12	30.0				338.6	386	102						
13	32.5				340.3	381	102						
14	35.0				342.2	387	103						
15	37.5				344.4	388	103						
16	40.0				345.8	388	103						
17	42.5				347.5	387	104						
18	45.0				349.2	386	104						
19	47.5				350.7	381	103						
20	50.0				352.7	387	104						
21	52.5				354.0	387	104						
22	55.0				355.4	388	103						
23	57.5				357.0	387	103						
24	60.0				358.2	384	103						
					Avg Ts	Total Volume	Avg Tm	Min/Max	Max Temp	Max Vac			
					8012	40.472	386.2	102.3					
					1369	1.369							
					1650	1.163							
					Avg Sqt Del H	Comments:							

WESTON
MANAGERS
DETERMINATIONS

RUN DATA

Number 1

Client: **Bowater**
Location: **Catawba, SC**
Source: **No. 1 Comb. Boiler**
Calibration: **1**

Project Number: **03917.008.007**
Operator: **T. Simpkins**
Date: **18 Jul 2006**

Time	O2		CO2	
	mv	%	mv	%
Starting time 19:53				
19:53:45	4559	11.4	3392	8.3
19:54:15	4561	11.4	3396	8.3
19:54:45	4569	11.5	3387	8.3
19:55:15	4580	11.5	3380	8.2
19:55:45	4586	11.5	3375	8.2
Run Avg	4571	11.5	3386	8.3

RUN DATA

Number 2

Client: **Bowater** Project Number: **03917.008.007**
Location: **Catawba, SC** Operator: **T. Simpkins**
Source: **No. 1 Comb. Boiler** Date: **18 Jul 2006**
Calibration: **1**

Time	O2		CO2	
	mv	%	mv	%
Starting time 19:56				
19:57:14	4029	10.1	3864	9.4
19:57:44	4026	10.1	3871	9.5
19:58:14	4026	10.1	3869	9.4
19:58:44	4026	10.1	3870	9.5
19:59:14	4026	10.1	3868	9.4 /
Run Avg	4027	10.1	3868	9.4

RUN DATA

Number 3

Client: **Bowater** Project Number: **03917.008.007**
Location: **Catawba, SC** Operator: **T. Simpkins**
Source: **No. 1 Comb. Boiler** Date: **18 Jul 2006**
Calibration: **1**

Time	O2		CO2	
	mv	%	mv	%
Starting time 20:00				
20:00:34	3769	9.4	4122	10.1
20:01:04	3768	9.4	4121	10.1
20:01:34	3768	9.4	4123	10.1
20:02:04	3769	9.4	4124	10.1
20:02:34	3768	9.4	4126	10.1
Run Avg	3768	9.4	4123	10.1

CALIBRATION

Number 1

Client: Bowater
Location: Catawba, SC
Source: No. 1 Comb. Boiler

Project Number: 03917.008.007
Operator: T. Simpkins
Date: 18 Jul 2006

Starting Time: 19:51

O2

Method: EPA 3A
Calibration Type: Linear Regression

Calibration Results

%	Cylinder ID	Result, mv
Zero	-	95
10.1	CC92388	4025
20.4	SG880199NB	8078

Curve Coefficients

Slope	Intercept	Corr. Coeff.
391.3	87.8	>0.9999 ✓

CO2

Method: EPA 3A
Calibration Type: Linear Regression

Calibration Results

%	Cylinder ID	Result, mv
Zero	-	12
9.9	CC92388	4065
19.5	SG880199NB	7959

Curve Coefficients

Slope	Intercept	Corr. Coeff.
407.5	18.1	>0.9999 ✓

CALIBRATION ERROR

Number 1

Client: Bowater
Location: Catawba, SC
Source: No. 1 Comb. Boiler

Project Number: 03917.008.007
Operator: T. Simpkins
Date: 18 Jul 2006

Starting Time: 19:51

O2
Method: EPA 3A

Slope 391.3

Intercept 87.8

Standard, %	Response, mV	%	Error, %
Zero	95	0.0	0.0 ✓
10.10	4025	10.1	0.0 ✓
20.4	8078	20.4	0.0 ✓

CO2
Method: EPA 3A

Slope 407.5

Intercept 18.1

Standard, %	Response, mV	%	Error, %
Zero	12	0.0	0.0 ✓
9.90	4065	9.9	0.0 ✓
19.5	7959	19.5	0.0 ✓

ANALYZER INFORMATION

Client: **Bowater**
Location: **Catawba, SC**
Source: **No. 1 Comb. Boiler**

Project Number: **03917.008.007**
Operator: **T. Simpkins**
Date: **18 Jul 2006**

File Name: C:\Data\Bowater- Catawba, SC\Compliance 2006\No. 1 CB bags.cem
Computer: WSAUB60 **Trailer:** 261

Analog Input Device: **Keithley KPCMCIA 16AI Card**

Channel 1

Analyte	O2
Method	EPA 3A, Using Bias
Analyzer Make & Model	CA 300
Full-Scale Output, mv	10000
Span Concentration, %	25.0

Channel 2

Analyte	CO2
Method	EPA 3A, Using Bias
Analyzer Make & Model	CA 300
Full-Scale Output, mv	10000
Span Concentration, %	25.0



APPENDIX D

FIELD DATA – NO. 2 COMBINATION BOILER

Bowater
Catawba, South Carolina

03917.008.007
No. 2 Combination Boiler

ISOKINETIC CALCULATIONS

Run Number		1	2	3	Mean
Date		7/18/06	7/18/06	7/18/06	---
Time Began		949	1130	1315	---
Time Ended		1056	1237	1423	---
	INPUT DATA				
Sampling Time, min	(Theta)	60	60	60	60
Stack Diameter, in.	(Dia.)	120.00	120.00	120.00	120.00
Barometric Pressure, in. Hg	(Pb)	29.41	29.41	29.41	29.41
Static Pressure, in. H2O	(Pg)	-1.10	-0.70	-0.70	-0.83
Pitot Tube Coefficient	(Cp)	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84
Meter Correction Factor	(Y)	1.0030	1.0030	1.0030	1.0030
Orifice Calibration Value	(Delta H@)	1.7830	1.7830	1.7830	1.7830
Nozzle Diameter, in.	(Dn)	0.215	0.218	0.218	0.217
Meter Volume, ft^3	(Vm)	35.341	36.292	36.941	36.191
Meter Temperature, °F	(Tm)	92.3	95.4	98.0	95.2
Meter Temperature, °R	(Tm-R)	552.3	555.4	558.0	555.2
Meter Orifice Pressure, in. H2O	(Delta H)	1.104	1.142	1.175	1.140
Ave Sq Rt Orifice Press, (in. H2O)^½	((Delta H)^½)avg)	1.047	1.065	1.081	1.064
Volume H2O Collected, mL	(Vlc)	153.5	118.6	144.1	138.7
CO2 Concentration, %	(CO2)	8.3	9.2	8.4	8.6
O2 Concentration, %	(O2)	11.5	10.5	11.4	11.1
Ave Sq Rt Velo Head, (in. H2O)^½	((Delta P)^½)avg)	0.955	0.975	0.992	0.974
Stack Temperature, °F	(Ts)	408.0	415.8	420.3	414.7
Stack Temperature, °R	(Ts-R)	868.0	875.8	880.3	874.7
Particulate Collected, g	(Mn)	0.0723	0.0656	0.0836	0.0738
Moisture Fraction (at Saturation)	(BWS)	NA	NA	NA	NA
O2 F-Factor, dscf/MMBtu	(Fd)	9737	9737	9741	9738
	CALCULATED DATA				
Nozzle Area, ft²	(An)	2.52E-04	2.59E-04	2.59E-04	2.57E-04
Stack Area, ft²	(As)	78.54	78.54	78.54	78.54
Stack Pressure, in. Hg	(Ps)	29.33	29.36	29.36	29.35
Meter Pressure, in. Hg	(Pm)	29.49	29.49	29.50	29.49
Standard Meter Volume, ft³	(Vmstd)	33.388	34.099	34.550	34.012
Standard Water Volume, ft³	(Vwstd)	7.225	5.583	6.783	6.530
Moisture Fraction (Measured)	(BWS)	0.178	0.141	0.164	0.161
Moisture Fraction (lower sat/meas)	(BWS)	0.178	0.141	0.164	0.161
Mol. Wt. of Dry Gas, lb/lb-mole	(Md)	29.79	29.89	29.80	29.83
Mol. Wt. of Stack Gas, lb/lb-mole	(Ms)	27.69	28.22	27.86	27.92
Average Stack Gas Velocity, ft/sec	(Vs)	70.91	71.95	73.88	72.25
Stack Gas Flow, actual, ft³/min	(Qa)	334138	339064	348169	340457
Stack Gas Flow, Std , ft³/min	(Qs)	163730	172291	171216	169079
Isokinetic Sampling Rate, %	(%I)	105.9	100.0	101.9	102.6
Particulate Conc @ Std Cond, gr/ft³	(Cs)	0.0334	0.0297	0.0373	0.0335
Particulate Emission, lb/hr	(PMR)	46.9	43.8	54.8	48.5
Particulate Emission Factor, lb/MMBtu	(Fd)	0.1033	0.0830	0.1143	0.1002
Calibration check	(Yqa)	1.0152	1.0062	1.0079	1.010
Percent difference from Y					0.68%

C28091

$$T_{SO} = 99.8 \\ \text{No.'st.} = 13.8$$

ISOKINETIC FIELD DATA SHEET

Client _____

W.O.# _____

Project ID **Bocater - Cato**Model/Source ID **#12 CB**Samp. Loc. ID **Stack**Run No.ID **2**Test Method ID **3147406**Date ID **2018/06**Source/Location **C 27806**Sample Date **2018/06**Baro. Press (in Hg) **29.41**Operator **MTE / DM****Method****5****A015****K Factor 1.2****Page 5 of**

		Stack Conditions		Dry Gas Meter Reading (ft ³)		Orifice Pressure Delta H (in H ₂ O)		Stack Temp (°F)		DGM Inlet Temp (°F)		DGM Outlet Temp (°F)		Probe Temp (°F)		Impinger Filter Box Temp (°F)		SAMPLE TRAIN VAC (in Hg)		COMMENTS		
		Assumed	Actual	Meter Box ID	Meter Box Y	Probe ID / Length	Probe Material	Nozzle ID	Avg Nozzle Dia (in)	Area of Stack (ft ²)	Sample Time	Total Traverse Pts	Temp Change Response?	Pass/Fail	Pass/Fail	Pass/Fail	Pass/Fail	Min/Max	Max Temp	Max Vac	CO ₂ % by Vol	Leak Checks
D	1	2.5	1.1	1.3	163.84	407	91				250	257	63	5	225						1.003	Sample Train (ft ³)
D	2	5.0	.99	1.2	165.48	416	92				251	252	63	5	227						1.783	Leak Check @ (in Hg)
D	3	7.5	1.86	1.0	166.80	416	93				254	245	59	5	228						1.783	Pilot good
D	4	10.0	.89	.96	168.22	414	93				255	248	55	5	227						1.00	Orsat good
D	5	12.5	.65	.80	169.50	406	94				256	248	54	5	229						.7	Temp Check
D	6	15.0	.53	.64	170.67	407	94				253	249	53	3	234						.7	Pass/Fail (+/-2°)
D	7	17.5	1.2	1.4	172.32	416	94				256	248	53	6	234						1.2	Pass/Fail (-/+2°)
D	8	20.0	1.1	1.3	173.92	417	94				250	244	56	6	232						1.0	Meter Box Temp
D	9	22.5	1.1	1.3	175.24	418	94				251	250	55	6	242						1.0	Reference Temp
D	10	25.0	1.1	1.3	177.11	419	95				252	252	55	6	253						1.0	Orsat good
D	11	27.5	1.0	1.2	178.67	418	95				252	247	54	5	262						1.0	Leak Check @ (in Hg)
D	12	30.0	.94	1.1	180.153	411	95				252	229	54	5	262						1.0	Pilot good
D	13	32.5	1.0	1.2	181.72	414	96				251	237	55	5	259						1.0	Temp Check
D	14	35.0	1.0	1.2	183.26	420	96				250	262	57	5	238						1.0	Pass/Fail (+/-2°)
D	15	37.5	1.1	1.3	184.84	420	96				251	248	57	6	252						1.0	Pass/Fail (-/+2°)
D	16	40.0	1.0	1.2	186.40	420	97				254	228	56	6	262						1.0	Pass/Fail (+/-2°)
D	17	42.5	1.0	1.2	188.02	420	97				256	230	56	7	267						1.0	Pass/Fail (-/+2°)
D	18	45.0	.94	1.1	189.682	417	97				251	232	56	6	266						1.0	Pass/Fail (+/-2°)
D	19	47.5	1.1	1.3	191.16	417	98				251	247	56	7	263						1.0	Pass/Fail (-/+2°)
D	20	50.0	1.1	1.3	192.67	418	97				249	259	57	7	252						1.0	Pass/Fail (+/-2°)
D	21	52.5	.96	1.2	194.21	418	97				252	251	57	7	256						1.0	Pass/Fail (-/+2°)
D	22	55.0	.89	1.1	195.78	419	98				255	253	56	7	268						1.0	Pass/Fail (+/-2°)
D	23	57.5	.80	.96	197.20	417	98				254	252	56	5	262						1.0	Pass/Fail (-/+2°)
D	24	60.0	12.37	.70	.841	198.541	413	99			255	254	58	5	263						1.0	Pass/Fail (+/-2°)

WESTON
 DESIGNERS/CONSULTANTS
 MANAGERS

 Avg Sqr Delta H: 9.571
 Avg Sqr Del H: 1.0646
 Comments: 15

 Total Delta H: 9.571
 Avg Volume: 36.292
 Avg T_s: 95.4

CZ 8092

$$T_{SO} = 102 \\ M_6 \text{ set} = 16.4$$

ISOKINETIC FIELD DATA SHEET

Client W.O.#	Project ID	Model/Source ID	Samp. Loc. ID	Run No.ID	Test Method ID	Date ID	Source/Location	Sample Date	Baro. Press (in Hg)	Operator
Power - Cat 2 % Moisture	# 2 P3	Stack	3	S	74764	7/15/06	Meter Box Del H	17.7	1.003	
Impinger Vol (ml)							Probe ID / Length	1.1	1.783	Leak Checks
Silica gel (g)							Probe Material	1.2	PR7	Sample Train (ft ³)
CO2, % by Vol							Pilot / Thermocouple ID	1.3	J5	Leak Check @ (in Hg)
C2, % by Vol							Nozzle ID	1.4	84	Pilot good
Temperature (°F)							Avg Nozzle Dia (in)	1.5	218	Orsat good
Meter Temp (°F)							Area of Stack (ft ²)	1.6	78.54	Temp Check
Static Press (in H2O)							Sample Time	1.7	6.0	Meter Box Temp
							Total Traverse Pts	1.8	2.1	Reference Temp
								1.9	Pass/Fail (+/- 2%)	Pass/Fail
								2.0	Temp Change Response?	yes / no

Method 5

TRAVERSE POINT NO.	SAMPLE TIME (min)	CLOCK TIME (plant time)	VELOCITY P (in H2O)	ORIFICE PRESSURE Delta H (in H2O)	DRY GAS METER READING (ft ³)	STACK TEMP (°F)	DGM INLET TEMP (°F)	DGM OUTLET TEMP (°F)	PROBE TEMP (°F)	FILTER BOX TEMP (°F)	IMPIINGER EXIT TEMP (°F)	SAMPLE TRAIN VAC (in Hg)	K Factor 1.2	Final
													Comments	
A 1	0	2.6	1.1	1.3	199.704	9841295252	252	262	63	5	225			
A 2	5.0	1.1	1.3	2.0278	4116	96	250	270	60	5	227			
A 3	7.5	1.0	1.2	204.84	417	96	252	259	55	5	227			
A 4	10.0	.92	1.1	206.03	418	96	253	242	53	5	229			
A 5	12.5	.86	1.0	207.53	416	97.25	253	244	50	4	227			
A 6	15.0	.82	1.1	208.94	415	97	253	245	51	4	230			
B 1	17.5	1.1	1.3	210.56	419	98	254	242	54	5	240			
B 2	20.0	1.1	1.3	212.15	421	97	251	259	57	5	223			
B 3	22.5	1.1	1.3	213.75	422	97	256	251	54	5	231			
B 4	25.0	1.1	1.3	215.35	423	97	254	240	54	5	240			
B 5	27.5	1.0	1.2	216.92	424	98	253	246	53	5	245			
B 6	30.0	.90	1.1	218.428	419	98	256	254	54	5	250			
C 1	32.5	1.1	1.3	220.00	422	98	249	254	54	5	251			
C 2	35.0	1.1	1.3	221.35	425	98	252	246	59	5	239			
C 3	37.5	1.1	1.3	223.38	425	98	255	247	56	6	245			
C 4	40.0	1.1	1.3	224.77	424	99	255	240	56	6	250			
C 5	42.5	1.0	1.2	226.27	422	98	251	239	59	6	252			
C 6	45.0	.93	1.1	227.288	418	99	253	246	56	5	253			
D 1	47.5	1.1	1.3	229.54	420	99	254	247	56	6	253			
D 2	50.0	1.0	1.2	230.98	424	99	252	244	63	6	231			
D 3	52.5	1.0	1.2	232.54	421	100	252	241	58	6	244			
D 4	55.0	.93	1.1	234.08	423	100	254	244	57	6	249			
D 5	57.5	.72	.86	235.44	421	101	253	245	58	6	251			
D 6	60	2.23	1.56	6.7	236.649	418	101	252	243	59	5	252		
					Avg Sqr Delta P	99.18	Avg Delta H	1.754	36.91	Avg T _s	96.0			
					Avg Sqr Del H	1.0813	Avg Volume	1.703	420.3	Min/Max	Max Temp	Max Vac	Max Temp	Comments:

WESTON
DESIGNERS/INSTALLERS
MANUFACTURERS

V15

RUN DATA

Number 1

Client: **Bowater**
Location: **Catawba, SC**
Source: **No. 2 Comb. Boiler**
Calibration: **1**

Project Number: **03917.008.007**
Operator: **T. Simpkins**
Date: **18 Jul 2006**

Time	O2		CO2	
	mv	%	mv	%
Starting time 15:59				
16:00:23	4590	11.5	3374	8.2
16:00:53	4582	11.5	3383	8.3
16:01:23	4584	11.5	3383	8.3
16:01:53	4595	11.5	3375	8.2
16:02:23	4612	11.6	3357	8.2
16:02:53	4610	11.6	3356	8.2
16:03:23	4580	11.5	3385	8.3
16:03:53	4581	11.5	3383	8.3
Run Avg	4592	11.5	3375	8.3

RUN DATA

Number 2

Client: **Bowater**
Location: **Catawba, SC**
Source: **No. 2 Comb. Boiler**
Calibration: **1**

Project Number: **03917.008.007**
Operator: **T. Simpkins**
Date: **18 Jul 2006**

Time	O2		CO2	
	mv	%	mv	%
Starting time 16:05				
16:06:18	4200	10.5	3750	9.2
16:06:48	4199	10.5	3755	9.2
16:07:18	4197	10.5	3755	9.2
16:07:48	4198	10.5	3759	9.2
16:08:18	4197	10.5	3760	9.2
16:08:48	4198	10.5	3760	9.2
16:09:18	4198	10.5	3760	9.2
16:09:48	4198	10.5	3760	9.2
Run Avg	4198	10.5	3757	9.2

RUN DATA

Number 3

Client: **Bowater**
Location: **Catawba, SC**
Source: **No. 2 Comb. Boiler**
Calibration: **1**

Project Number: **03917.008.007**
Operator: **T. Simpkins**
Date: **18 Jul 2006**

Time	O2		CO2	
	mv	%	mv	%
Starting time 16:11				
16:11:41	4527	11.3	3442	8.4
16:12:11	4528	11.3	3438	8.4
16:12:41	4529	11.3	3439	8.4
16:13:11	4529	11.3	3439	8.4
16:13:41	4530	11.4	3435	8.4
16:14:11	4530	11.4	3433	8.4
16:14:41	4532	11.4	3433	8.4
16:15:11	4531	11.4	3433	8.4 ✓
Run Avg	4530	11.4	3437	8.4

CALIBRATION

Number 1

Client: Bowater
Location: Catawba, SC
Source: No. 2 Comb. Boiler

Project Number: 03917.008.007
Operator: T. Simpkins
Date: 18 Jul 2006

Starting Time: 15:52

O2

Method: EPA 3A
Calibration Type: Linear Regression

Calibration Results		
%	Cylinder ID	Result, mv
Zero	-	95
10.1	CC92388	4025
20.4	SG880199NB	8078

Curve Coefficients

Slope	Intercept	Corr. Coeff.
391.3 ✓	87.8 ✓	>0.9999 ✓

CO2

Method: EPA 3A
Calibration Type: Linear Regression

Calibration Results		
%	Cylinder ID	Result, mv
Zero	-	12
9.9	CC92388	4065
19.5	SG880199NB	7959

Curve Coefficients

Slope	Intercept	Corr. Coeff.
407.5 ✓	18.1 ✓	>0.9999 ✓

CALIBRATION ERROR

Number 1

Client: Bowater
Location: Catawba, SC
Source: No. 2 Comb. Boiler

Project Number: 03917.008.007
Operator: T. Simpkins
Date: 18 Jul 2006

Starting Time: 15:52

O₂

Method: EPA 3A

Slope 391.3

Intercept 87.8

Standard, %	Response, mV	%	Error, %
Zero	95	0.0	0.0 /
10.10	4025	10.1	0.0 /
20.4	8078	20.4	0.0 /

CO₂

Method: EPA 3A

Slope 407.5

Intercept 18.1

Standard, %	Response, mV	%	Error, %
Zero	12	0.0	0.0 /
9.90	4065	9.9	0.0 /
19.5	7959	19.5	0.0 /

ANALYZER INFORMATION

Client: **Bowater**
Location: **Catawba, SC**
Source: **No. 2 Comb. Boiler**

Project Number: **03917.008.007**
Operator: **T. Simpkins**
Date: **18 Jul 2006**

File Name: C:\Data\Bowater- Catawba, SC\Compliance 2006\No. 2 CB bags.cem
Computer: WSAUB60 **Trailer:** 261

Analog Input Device: **Keithley KPCMCIA 16AI Card**

Channel 1

Analyte	O2
Method	EPA 3A, Using Bias
Analyzer Make & Model	CA 300
Full-Scale Output, mv	10000
Span Concentration, %	25.0

Channel 2

Analyte	CO2
Method	EPA 3A, Using Bias
Analyzer Make & Model	CA 300
Full-Scale Output, mv	10000
Span Concentration, %	25.0



APPENDIX E

LABORATORY DATA

Inter-Office Memorandum



Auburn Operations

TO: Temp Simpkins

cc: file

FROM: Brian Benson *BSB*

DATE: 27 July 2006

PROJECT: Bowater – Catawba, SC

W.O.NO: 03917.008.007

SUBJECT: Method 5 Analysis Results.

ACTION: Analysis of samples received on 21 July 2006.

This letter with attachments constitutes our report of gravimetric determination of the glass fiber filters, acetone and water rinse fractions submitted to the laboratory for particulate analysis. The samples arrived in good condition and in accordance with the chain-of-custody. The samples were prepared on 21 July 2006 and analyzed on 24 July 2006 through 26 July 2006. The analysis followed procedures in USEPA Reference Method 5 for particulate emissions from stationary sources.

QUALITY ASSURANCE AND QUALITY CONTROL:

Quality control procedures conformed to the requirements of the reference method and our laboratory quality assurance program. Duplicate filter weights differed less than 0.5 mg or 1% of the total weight less the tare weight, whichever is greater. The water rinse fraction blank residue correction was equal to 0.001% of the total mass of the wash solvent used; therefore the water rinse fractions are blank corrected per EPA method 5. The acetone wash fraction blank residue correction was less than 0.001% of the total mass of the wash solvent used; therefore the acetone rinse fractions are blank corrected per EPA method 5. Filter residue weights were not blank corrected.

Substantiating data is on file and available upon request.

tal

attachments

Analysis Report

for Particulates by EPA Method 5

CLIENT : Bowater - Catawba, SC
 WESTON W.O. No. : 03917.008.007
 Date Received : 21 July 2006
 Analyst : STH

Balance ID: Mettler AE163
 Density of Acetone (g/mL): 0.791
 Lab Ambient Temp (F): 73
 Lab Rel Humidity (%): 54
 Barometric Pressure (Hg): 31.08

Source	# 2 Combination Boiler			
Field Run No.	ONE	TWO	THREE	FIELD BLANK
LIQUID FRACTION				
Filter ID	CZ 8090	CZ 8091	CZ 8092	CZ 8088
Beaker ID	28-07	29-07	30-07	27-07
Liquid Volume (mL)	75	92	95	93
Constant Initial Weight (g)	110.5040	125.7939	108.4879	132.5502
Constant Final Weight (g)	110.5161	125.8086	108.5098	132.5504
Final-Initial Beaker Wts. (g)	0.0121	0.0148	0.0219	0.0002
Sample/Blank Volume Ratio	0.8065	0.9892	1.0215	
Liquid Blank Correction, $\leq 0.001\%$ (g)	0.0002	0.0002	0.0003	
Liquid Blank Correction, $> 0.001\%$ (g)*	0.0006	0.0007	0.0008	
Liquid Particulate Weight (g)	0.0118	0.0145	0.0216	0.0002
FILTER FRACTION				
Filter ID	CZ 8090	CZ 8091	CZ 8092	CZ 8088
Constant Initial Weight (g)	35.2755	35.7899	34.2218	32.7580
Constant Final Weight (g)	35.3359	35.8409	34.2837	32.7573
Final-Initial Filter Wts. (g)	0.0604	0.0510	0.0619	-0.0007
Filter Blank (g)	-0.0007	-0.0007	-0.0007	
Filter Particulate Weight (g)	0.0604	0.0510	0.0619	
SUMMARY				
Filter Particulate Weight (g)	0.0604	0.0510	0.0619	
Liquid Particulate Weight (g)	0.0118	0.0145	0.0216	
Net Particulate Weight (g)	0.0723	0.0656	0.0836	

Values are rounded for presentation purposes only, thus values shown may differ from actual calculations.

Sample Recovery Solution**Acetone****Weight Percent of Blank**

0.0003%

Liquid Fraction

*Note: If the blank liquid fraction has a residue correction of greater than 0.001 percent, then the samples are blank corrected upto 0.001 % of the mass of the wash solvent.

Analysis Report

for Particulates by EPA Method 5

CLIENT : Bowater - Catawba, SC
 WESTON W.O. No. : 03917.008.007
 Date Received : 21 July 2006
 Analyst : STH

Balance ID: Mettler AE163
 Density of Acetone (g/mL): 0.791
 Lab Ambient Temp (F): 73
 Lab Rel Humidity (%): 54
 Barometric Pressure (Hg): 31.08

Source	# 1 Combination Boiler			
Field Run No.	ONE	TWO	THREE	FIELD BLANK
LIQUID FRACTION				
Filter ID	CZ 8093	CZ 8094	CZ 8095	CZ 8088
Beaker ID	31-07	32-07	33-07	27-07
Liquid Volume (mL)	95	72	110	93
Constant Initial Weight (g)	115.8510	116.4725	112.5202	132.5502
Constant Final Weight (g)	115.8666	116.4779	112.5331	132.5504
Final-Initial Beaker Wts. (g)	0.0155	0.0053	0.0129	0.0002
Sample/Blank Volume Ratio	1.0215	0.7742	1.1828	
Liquid Blank Correction, $\leq 0.001\%$ (g)	0.0003	0.0002	0.0003	
Liquid Blank Correction, $> 0.001\%$ (g)*	0.0008	0.0006	0.0009	
Liquid Particulate Weight (g)	0.0153	0.0052	0.0127	0.0002
FILTER FRACTION				
Filter ID	CZ 8093	CZ 8094	CZ 8095	CZ 8088
Constant Initial Weight (g)	31.2792	36.6561	35.0483	32.7580
Constant Final Weight (g)	31.3966	36.6901	35.0816	32.7573
Final-Initial Filter Wts. (g)	0.1174	0.0339	0.0333	-0.0007
Filter Blank (g)	-0.0007	-0.0007	-0.0007	
Filter Particulate Weight (g)	0.1174	0.0339	0.0333	
SUMMARY				
Filter Particulate Weight (g)	0.1174	0.0339	0.0333	
Liquid Particulate Weight (g)	0.0153	0.0052	0.0127	
Net Particulate Weight (g)	0.1327	0.0392	0.0461	

Values are rounded for presentation purposes only, thus values shown may differ from actual calculations.

Sample Recovery Solution**Acetone****Weight Percent of Blank**

0.0003%

Liquid Fraction

*Note: If the blank liquid fraction has a residue correction of greater than 0.001 percent, then the samples are blank corrected upto 0.001 % of the mass of the wash solvent.

Analysis Report

for Particulates by EPA Method 5

CLIENT : Bowater - Catawba, SC
 WESTON W.O. No. : 03917.008.007
 Date Received : 21 July 2006
 Analyst : STH

Balance ID: Mettler AE163
 Density of Acetone (g/mL): 0.791
 Lab Ambient Temp (F): 73
 Lab Rel Humidity (%): 54
 Barometric Pressure (Hg): 31.08

Source	# 2 Recovery			
Field Run No.	ONE	TWO	THREE	FIELD BLANK
LIQUID FRACTION				
Filter ID	CZ 8097	CZ 8098	CZ 7689	CZ 8088
Beaker ID	34-07	35-07	36-07	26-07
Liquid Volume (mL)	105	68	72	94
Constant Initial Weight (g)	111.5379	112.4437	110.7467	113.6632
Constant Final Weight (g)	111.5541	112.4547	110.7553	113.6623
Final-Initial Beaker Wts. (g)	0.0162	0.0111	0.0086	-0.0009
Sample/Blank Volume Ratio	1.1170	0.7234	0.7660	
Liquid Blank Correction, $\leq 0.001\%$ (g)	-0.0010	-0.0007	-0.0007	
Liquid Blank Correction, $> 0.001\%$ (g)*	-0.0011	-0.0007	-0.0007	
Liquid Particulate Weight (g)	0.0172	0.0117	0.0093	-0.0009
FILTER FRACTION				
Filter ID	CZ 8097	CZ 8098	CZ 7689	CZ 8088
Constant Initial Weight (g)	33.6852	36.7872	40.0125	32.7580
Constant Final Weight (g)	33.6847	36.7889	40.0114	32.7573
Final-Initial Filter Wts. (g)	-0.0005	0.0018	-0.0012	-0.0007
Filter Blank (g)	-0.0007	-0.0007	-0.0007	
Filter Particulate Weight (g)	-0.0005	0.0018	-0.0012	
SUMMARY				
Filter Particulate Weight (g)	-0.0005	0.0018	-0.0012	
Liquid Particulate Weight (g)	0.0172	0.0117	0.0093	
Net Particulate Weight (g)	0.0172	0.0135	0.0093	

Negative values are not included in the Net Particulate Weight.

Values are rounded for presentation purposes only, thus values shown may differ from actual calculations.

Sample Recovery Solution**Water****Weight Percent of Blank**

0.0010%

Liquid Fraction

*Note: If the blank liquid fraction has a residue correction of greater than 0.001 percent, then the samples are blank corrected upto 0.001 % of the mass of the wash solvent.

Custody Transfer Record / Lab Service Request

Page of

Client: Bowater Catawba, S.C.		ANALYSES REQUESTED	
Work Order No.: 039117.008.007		Gravimetric	
Desired TAT: 3 days Results Due By: ASAP		ANALYTICAL METHOD	
Project Manager: Simpkins		EPA 5	
Submitted By: Phone #:		Volume mL	
Weston Use Only LAB ID	Client ID/ Sample Description	Matrix	Date Collected
CZ 8088	Blank	St/ACE/DI	7-18-06 #18-06
CZ 8090	#2 Comb. Boiler Run 1	St/ACE	7/18/06 2807 75
(CZ 8091 & 3)	Comb. Boilers Run 2/Filter	St/ACE	7/18/06 2707 93
CZ 8092	#2 Comb. Boilers Run 3/Filter	St/ACE	7-18-06 3007 95
CZ 8093	#1 Comb. Boiler Run 1/Filter	St/ACE	7-18-06 3107 95
CZ 8094	#1 Comb. Boiler Run 2/Filter	St/ACE	7-18-06 3207 72
CZ 8095	#1 Comb. Boiler Run 3/Filter	St/ACE	7-18-06 3307 110
CZ 8097	No. 2 Recovery Run 1/Filter	St/ACE	7-20-06 3407 105
CZ 8098	No. 2 Recovery Run 2/Filter	St/ACE	7-20-06 3507 68
CZ 7689	No. 2 Recovery Run 3/Filter	St/ACE	7-20-06 3607 72
TOTAL LISTED ON THIS COC			
RELINQUISHED BY	RECEIVED BY	DATE/TIME	# / CONDITION
MC	Caron Carlton	7/2/06 / 1500	10 / good
RELINQUISHED BY	RECEIVED BY	DATE/TIME	# / CONDITION
NOTE SAMPLE ID ON BACK			
COC ACCURATE	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N

WESTON
ANALYTICAL
TEST LABORATORY



APPENDIX F

QUALITY CONTROL DATA

METHOD 5 DRY GAS METER CALIBRATION USING CRITICAL ORIFICES

- 1) Select three critical orifices to calibrate the dry gas meter which bracket the expected operating range.
- 2) Record barometric pressure before and after calibration procedure.
- 3) Run at tested vacuum (from Orifice Calibration Report), for a period of time necessary to achieve a minimum total volume of 5 cubic feet.
- 4) Record readings in outlined boxes below, other columns are automatically calculated.

DATE: 12/29/05		METER SERIAL #: 97306		BAROMETRIC PRESSURE (in Hg): 29.08		INITIAL 29.10		FINAL 29.05		AVG (P _{av}) 29.08			
METER PART #: AO15		CRITICAL ORIFICE SET SERIAL #: 13315		Calibrated by:									
ORIFICE #	K' FACTOR (AVG)	DGM READINGS (ft ³)		AMBIENT F°		DGM F°	DGM INITIAL FINAL AVG	DGM ELAPSED	DGM ΔH (in H ₂ O)	(1) V _m (STD)	(2) V _c (STD)	(3) Y	(4) ΔH@
		INITIAL	FINAL	NET (V _m)									
12	0.3359	24	617.424	633.384	15.960	70	66	67	37	0.54	15.578	15.701	1.008
16	0.4418	22	776.741	793.985	17.244	71	72	71	72	0.99	16.691	16.728	1.002
19	0.5188	21	745.349	770.460	25.111	71	72	72	37	1.40	24.309	24.227	0.897
25	0.6885	19	711.547	738.250	26.703	71	72	73	30	2.40	25.890	26.063	1.007
31	0.8376	17	686.904	693.838	11.934	71	72	72	11	3.60	11.617	11.629	1.001
										Avg =	1.003	1.783	

USING THE CRITICAL ORIFICES AS CALIBRATION STANDARDS:

The following equations are used to calculate the standard volumes of air passed through the DGM, V_m (std), and the critical orifice, V_c (std), and the DGM calibration factor, Y. These equations are automatically calculated in the spreadsheet above.

$$(1) \quad V_m (\text{std}) = \frac{K_1 V_n P_{\text{bar}} + (\Delta H / 13.6)}{T_m} \quad = \text{Net volume of gas sample passed through DGM, corrected to standard conditions}$$

K₁ = 17.64 °R/in. Hg (English), 0.3858 °K/mm Hg (Metric)
 T_m = Absolute DGM avg. temperature (°R - English, °K - Metric)

$$(2) \quad V_c (\text{std}) = K' \sqrt{\frac{P_{\text{bar}} \theta}{T_{\text{amb}}}} \quad = \text{Volume of gas sample passed through the critical orifice, corrected to standard conditions}$$

T_{amb} = Absolute ambient temperature (°R - English, °K - Metric)
 K' = Average K' Factor from Critical Orifice Calibration

$$(3) \quad Y = \frac{V_c (\text{std})}{V_m (\text{std})} \quad = \text{DGM calibration factor}$$

$$(4) \quad \Delta H @ = \left(\frac{0.75 \theta^2}{V_c (\text{std})} \right) \Delta H$$

Individual Y's .02 from average?
 YES
 Individual ΔH@ values 0.2 from average?
 YES

Post-Test Meter Calibration Check

Bowater
Catawba, South Carolina

03917.008.007
No. 1 Combination Boiler

POST-TEST METER Y CALIBRATION CHECK

Meter ID:

Run Number		1	2	3	Mean
Sampling Time, min	(Theta)	60	60	60	60
Meter Volume, ft ³	(Vm)	39.347	40.007	40.472	39.942
Meter Temperature, R	(tm)	557	563	562	561
Barometric Pressure, in. Hg	(Pb)	29.41	29.41	29.41	29.41
Meter Orifice Pressure, in. H ₂ O	(dH)	1.325	1.352	1.369	1.349
Meter Pressure, in. Hg	(Pm)	29.51	29.51	29.51	29.51
Ave Sq Rt Meter Orifice Pressure, in. H ₂ O	((sqrt. dH)ave	1.145	1.158	1.163	1.155
Meter Orifice Calibraion Coefficient, in. H ₂ O	(dH@)	1.783	1.783	1.783	1.783
Dry Mol. Wt. of Stack Gas, lb/lb-mole	(Md)	29.79	29.91	29.99	29.90
Dry Gas Meter Cal. Check Value	(Yqa)	1.0007	0.9987	0.9899	0.9964
Meter Correction Factor	(Y)	1.0030	1.0030	1.0030	1.0030
Mean Percent Difference, %		< +/- 5%			-0.65

Post-Test Meter Calibration Check

Bowater
Catawba, South Carolina

03917.008.007
No. 2 Combination Boiler

POST-TEST METER Y CALIBRATION CHECK

Meter ID:

Run Number		1	2	3	Mean
Sampling Time, min	(Theta)	60	60	60	60
Meter Volume, ft ³	(Vm)	35.341	36.292	36.941	36.191
Meter Temperature, R	(tm)	552	555	558	555
Barometric Pressure, in. Hg	(Pb)	29.41	29.41	29.41	29.41
Meter Orifice Pressure, in. H ₂ O	(dH)	1.104	1.142	1.175	1.140
Meter Pressure, in. Hg	(Pm)	29.49	29.49	29.50	29.49
Ave Sq Rt Meter Orifice Pressure, in. H ₂ O	((sqrt. dH)ave	1.047	1.065	1.081	1.064
Meter Orifice Calibraion Coefficient, in. H ₂ O	(dH@)	1.783	1.783	1.783	1.783
Dry Mol. Wt. of Stack Gas, lb/lb-mole	(Md)	29.79	29.89	29.80	29.83
Dry Gas Meter Cal. Check Value	(Yqa)	1.0152	1.0062	1.0079	1.0098
Meter Correction Factor	(Y)	1.0030	1.0030	1.0030	1.0030
Mean Percent Difference, %		< +/- 5%			0.68

Certificate of Analysis: EPA Protocol Gas Mixture

Cylinder Number: CC92388 Reference Number: 83-124064666-1
Cylinder Pressure: 2000.6 PSIG Expiration Date: 5/10/2009
Certification Date: 5/10/2006 Laboratory: ASG - Port Allen - LA

Airgas Specialty Gases
1075 Cinclare Drive
Port Allen, LA 70767
225.388.0900 Fax: 225.388.0959
www.airgas.com

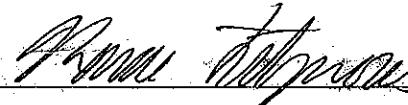
Certified Concentrations

Component	Concentration	Accuracy	Analytical Principle	Procedure
CARBON DIOXIDE	9.943 %	+/- 1%	NonDispersive Infrared	G1
OXYGEN	10.05 %	+/- 1%	Paramagnetic	G1
NITROGEN	Balance			

Certification performed in accordance with "EPA Traceability Protocol (Sept. 1997)" using the assay procedures listed.
Analytical Methodology does not require correction for analytical interferences.

Notes:

Do not use cylinder below 150 psig.

Approval Signature 

Reference Standard Information

Type	Balance Gas	Component	Cyl.Number	Concentration
NTRM 82658	NITROGEN	OXYGEN	CC14336	9.72 %
NTRM 81674	NITROGEN	CARBON DIOXIDE	XO018732B	6.89 %

Analytical Results

1st Component

CARBON DIOXIDE

1st Analysis Date:		05/11/2006		2nd Analysis Date:	
R 7.04	S 10.16	Z 0.02	Conc 9.943 %	R 9.68	S 10.02
S 10.16	Z 0.02	R 7.06	Conc 9.943 %	S 10.00	Z -0.02
Z 0.02	R 7.04	S 10.16	Conc 9.943 %	Z -0.02	R 9.68
AVG: 9.943 %					

2nd Component

OXYGEN

1st Analysis Date:		05/10/2006		2nd Analysis Date:	
Z -0.02	Conc 10.06 %	R 9.68	Conc 10.04 %	S 10.00	Conc 10.04 %
R 9.68	Conc 10.04 %	Z -0.02	R 9.68	S 10.00	Conc 10.04 %
AVG: 10.05 %					

Certificate of Analysis: EPA Protocol Gas Mixture

Cylinder Number: SG880199NB Reference Number: 54-124028233-8
Cylinder Pressure: 1999.6 PSIG Expiration Date: 1/20/2008
Certification Date: 1/20/2005 Laboratory: ASG - Chicago - IL

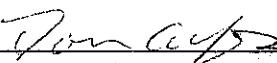
Certified Concentrations

Component	Concentration	Accuracy	Analytical Principle	Procedure
CARBON DIOXIDE	19.48 %	+/- 1%	NDIR	G1
OXYGEN	20.40 %	+/- 1%	Paramagnetic	G1
NITROGEN	Balance			

Certification performed in accordance with "EPA Traceability Protocol (Sept. 1997)" using the assay procedures listed.
Analytical Methodology does not require correction for analytical interferences.

Notes:

Do not use cylinder below 150 psig.

Approval Signature 

Reference Standard Information

Type	Balance Gas	Component	Cyl.Number	Concentration
NTRM 100504		OXYGEN	SG9168314BAL	20.98 %
ntrm 040604		CARBON DIOXIDE	xco343190	19.84 %

Analytical Results

1st Component

CARBON DIOXIDE		
1st Analysis Date:	01/20/2005	
R 19.83	S 19.46	Z 0
S 19.47	Z 0	R 19.83
Z 0	R 19.82	S 19.46
		Conc 19.47 %
		Conc 19.48 %
		Conc 19.48 %
		AVG: 19.48 %

2nd Component

OXYGEN		
1st Analysis Date:	01/20/2005	
R 20.98	S 20.40	Z 0
S 20.41	Z 0	R 20.99
Z 0	R 20.99	S 20.41
		Conc 20.40 %
		Conc 20.40 %
		Conc 20.40 %
		AVG: 20.40 %



APPENDIX G

PROCESS OPERATING/PRODUCTION DATA

No. 1 Combination Boiler - F-Factor Calculation

Back	9600'	✓	} M-19
Oil	9190'	✓	
Gas	8710		
TDF	15,500	✓	mill supplied

<u>Run 1</u>	<u>Run 2</u>	<u>Run 3</u>
$(9600 \times .65)$	$(9600 \times .67)$	$(9600 \times .68)$
$(9190 \times .29)$	$(9190 \times .28)$	$(9190 \times .27)$
$+ (8710 \times .05)$	$+ (8710 \times .05)$	$+ (8710 \times .05)$
9680'	9700'	9724'

No. 2 Combination Boiler - F-Factor Calculation

<u>Run 1</u>	<u>Run 2</u>	<u>Run 3</u>
$(9600 \times .73)$	$(9600 \times .73)$	$(9600 \times .74)$
$(9190 \times .22)$	$(9190 \times .22)$	$(9190 \times .21)$
$(8710 \times .01)$	$(8710 \times .01)$	$(8710 \times .01)$
$+ (15,500 \times .04)$	$+ (15,500 \times .04)$	$+ (15,500 \times .04)$
9737'	9737'	9741'

2/2

No. 1 Combination Boiler
Process Data

Combination Boiler No. 1

RUN NO. 1	% opacity	Steam Load	Bark	Oil	Gas	TDF
	%	mph	tph	gpm	mcfh	tph
	26AI148.pv	26cf142.pv	c1bf_n.pv	26fc143.pv	26fc144.pv	13sc001.pv
07/18/06 03:00 PM	7	266	28.1	12.6	0	1.3
07/18/06 03:06 PM	6	254	25.9	12.7	0	1.3
07/18/06 03:12 PM	5	238	23.3	12.6	0	1.3
07/18/06 03:18 PM	7	274	29.1	12.5	0	1.3
07/18/06 03:24 PM	10	282	31.4	12.5	0	1.3
07/18/06 03:30 PM	9	253	24.9	12.6	0	1.3
07/18/06 03:36 PM	7	299	33.6	12.6	0	1.3
07/18/06 03:42 PM	9	256	26.8	12.6	0	1.3
07/18/06 03:48 PM	5	258	27.9	11.8	0	1.3
07/18/06 03:54 PM	5	276	29.7	12.6	0	1.3
07/18/06 04:00 PM	5	272	29.4	12.6	0	1.3
07/18/06 04:06 PM	4	273	29.5	12.5	0	1.3
Average	7	267	28.3	12.5	0	1.3

			btu/hr
Bark	28.3 TPH	4350 btu / lb	246,280,835
Oil	12.5 GPM	148000 btu / gal	111,150,531
Gas	0 MCFH	1031 btu / cf	0
TDF	0.7 tph	15500 btu / lb	20,274,552
			377,705,917 total heat input

RUN NO. 2	% opacity	Steam Load	Bark	Oil	Gas	TDF
	%	mph	tph	gpm	mcfh	tph
	car195b.pv	ccf110.pv	c1bf_n.pv	cfc117.pv	cfc127.pv	13sc001.pv
07/18/06 04:42 PM	5	275.2	29.4	12.6	0	1.3
07/18/06 04:48 PM	6	292.3	32.5	12.6	0	1.3
07/18/06 04:54 PM	5	294.0	32.9	12.6	0	1.3
07/18/06 05:00 PM	4	267.3	28.2	12.5	0	1.3
07/18/06 05:06 PM	3	282.8	31.2	12.5	0	1.3
07/18/06 05:12 PM	3	275.4	29.7	12.5	0	1.3
07/18/06 05:18 PM	2	267.9	28.6	12.5	0	1.3
07/18/06 05:24 PM	2	262.2	27.6	12.6	0	1.3
07/18/06 05:30 PM	2	267.4	28.1	12.6	0	1.3
07/18/06 05:36 PM	2	289.3	31.7	12.6	0	1.3
07/18/06 05:42 PM	3	293.2	32.7	12.6	0	1.3
07/18/06 05:48 PM	3	290.9	32.2	12.6	0	1.3
Average	3	279.8	30.4	12.6	0	1.3

			btu/hr
Bark	30.4 TPH	4350 btu / lb	264,452,127
Oil	12.6 GPM	148000 btu / gal	111,584,775
Gas	0 MCFH	1031 btu / cf	0
TDF	0.7 tph	15500 btu / lb	20,276,130
			396,313,032 total heat input

RUN NO. 3	% opacity	Steam Load	Bark	Oil	Gas	TDF
	%	mph	tph	gpm	mcfh	tph
	car195b.pv	ccf110.pv	c1bf_n.pv	cfc117.pv	cfc127.pv	13sc001.pv
07/18/06 06:06 PM	4	299.8	33.9	12.6	0	1.3
07/18/06 06:12 PM	4	294.9	32.8	12.7	0	1.3
07/18/06 06:18 PM	3	297.8	33.3	12.7	0	1.3
07/18/06 06:24 PM	3	275.2	29.4	12.7	0	1.3
07/18/06 06:30 PM	2	304.5	34.5	12.7	0	1.3
07/18/06 06:36 PM	3	275.5	29.6	12.7	0	1.3
07/18/06 06:42 PM	2	297.6	33.2	12.6	0	1.3
07/18/06 06:48 PM	3	304.1	34.3	12.6	0	1.3
07/18/06 06:54 PM	3	292.4	32.4	12.6	0	1.3
07/18/06 07:00 PM	3	296.8	33.1	12.6	0	1.3
07/18/06 07:06 PM	3	286.4	31.2	12.7	0	1.3
07/18/06 07:12 PM	3	288.4	31.7	12.7	0	1.3
Average	3	292.8	32.4	12.7	0	1.3

			btu/hr
Bark	32.4 TPH	4350 btu / lb	282,258,988
Oil	12.7 GPM	148000 btu / gal	112,493,522
Gas	0.0 MCFH	1031 btu / cf	0
TDF	0.7 tph	15500 btu / lb	20,290,078
			415,042,588 total heat input

TDF is for both No. 1 and No. 2 Combination Boilers.

No. 1 Combination Boiler
EP Data

	Field 1		Field 2		Field 3	
	26ev0125.pv	26ea0125.pv	26ev0126.pv	26ea0126.pv	26ev0127.pv	26ea0127.pv
	Kv	Ma	Kv	Ma	Kv	Ma
07/18/06 03:10 PM	27.78	102.11	21.73	120.10	21.94	179.89
07/18/06 03:25 PM	28.02	126.94	22.32	134.76	21.80	178.79
07/18/06 03:40 PM	27.32	153.99	22.38	142.71	22.26	194.15
07/18/06 03:55 PM	26.85	140.67	23.75	191.88	22.97	202.15
07/18/06 04:10 PM	26.38	137.59	24.26	201.31	23.34	226.15
07/18/06 04:25 PM	27.55	125.65	24.53	180.32	23.98	207.88
07/18/06 04:40 PM	25.87	128.65	24.24	168.99	23.57	192.51
07/18/06 04:55 PM	26.44	144.91	25.31	236.14	24.47	257.13
07/18/06 05:10 PM	25.72	137.97	25.33	247.09	26.33	337.94
07/18/06 05:25 PM	25.78	122.60	24.00	180.67	26.24	307.81
07/18/06 05:40 PM	26.62	119.40	24.65	163.36	27.28	304.34
07/18/06 05:55 PM	27.60	121.93	24.04	146.58	26.44	259.37
07/18/06 06:10 PM	27.31	133.37	25.54	195.69	26.34	246.60
07/18/06 06:25 PM	27.18	134.83	25.10	182.73	26.45	261.62
07/18/06 06:40 PM	26.29	122.60	25.43	179.31	25.65	214.17
07/18/06 06:55 PM	26.93	120.25	24.98	162.22	26.40	234.48

No. 2 Combination Boiler
Process Data

Combination Boiler No. 2

RUN NO. 1	% opacity	Steam Load % mph	Bark tph	Oil gpm	Gas mcfh	TDF tph
37ai293b.p 37cf278.pv						
07/18/06 09:48 AM	6	285.7	39.8	12	4.0	1.3
07/18/06 09:54 AM	6	279.5	38.2	12	4.0	1.3
07/18/06 10:00 AM	9	286.8	39.2	12	4.1	1.3
07/18/06 10:08 AM	7	278.0	37.9	12	4.2	1.3
07/18/06 10:12 AM	8	287.9	39.0	12	4.3	1.3
07/18/06 10:18 AM	7	296.9	41.6	12	4.3	1.3
07/18/06 10:24 AM	10	308.8	41.6	12	4.3	1.3
07/18/06 10:30 AM	11	329.9	46.6	12	4.1	1.3
07/18/06 10:36 AM	6	304.6	42.9	12	3.9	1.3
07/18/06 10:42 AM	8	323.3	45.2	12	3.9	1.3
07/18/06 10:48 AM	7	325.7	46.4	12	4.0	1.3
07/18/06 10:54 AM	8	308.2	42.8	12	4.1	1.3
Average	8	301.1	41.8	12	4.1	1.3
btu/hr						
Bark	41.8 TPH		4350 btu / lb	363,279,472		
Oil	12 GPM		148000 btu / gal	108,518,717		
Gas	4.1 MCFH		1031 btu / cf	4,230,770		
TDF	0.7 tph		15500 btu / lb	20,276,663		
496,305,621 total heat input						
RUN NO. 2	% opacity	Steam Load % mph	Bark tph	Oil gpm	Gas mcfh	TDF tph
37ai293b.p 37cf278.pv						
07/18/06 11:30 AM	9	325.5	46.7	12	4.0	1.3
07/18/06 11:36 AM	8	295.9	41.1	12	4.1	1.3
07/18/06 11:42 AM	8	293.5	39.4	12	4.2	1.3
07/18/06 11:48 AM	17	328.8	45.6	12	4.2	1.3
07/18/06 11:54 AM	11	330.4	47.3	12	4.0	1.3
07/18/06 12:00 PM	6	314.0	44.3	12	4.2	1.3
07/18/06 12:06 PM	5	290.3	39.1	12	4.3	1.3
07/18/06 12:12 PM	8	314.9	44.0	12	4.3	1.3
07/18/06 12:18 PM	7	304.4	42.6	12	4.1	1.3
07/18/06 12:24 PM	9	310.7	43.4	12	4.1	1.3
07/18/06 12:30 PM	5	237.1	34.0	12	4.2	1.3
07/18/06 12:36 PM	5	238.2	27.6	12	4.4	1.3
Average	8	298.6	41.3	12	4.2	1.3
btu/hr						
Bark	41.3 TPH		4350 btu / lb	358,976,702		
Oil	12 GPM		148000 btu / gal	109,005,828		
Gas	4.2 MCFH		1031 btu / cf	4,306,042		
TDF	0.7 tph		15500 btu / lb	20,271,886		
492,560,458 total heat input						
RUN NO. 3	% opacity	Steam Load % mph	Bark tph	Oil gpm	Gas mcfh	TDF tph
37ai293b.p 37cf278.pv						
07/18/06 01:12 PM	9	292.7	39.5	12	4.0	1.3
07/18/06 01:18 PM	7	292.8	41.3	12	4.0	1.3
07/18/06 01:24 PM	8	300.5	41.1	12	4.0	1.3
07/18/06 01:30 PM	10	301.8	42.2	12	4.0	1.3
07/18/06 01:36 PM	14	326.8	44.3	12	4.0	1.3
07/18/06 01:42 PM	12	331.4	48.6	12	4.0	1.3
07/18/06 01:48 PM	9	318.4	44.7	12	4.1	1.3
07/18/06 01:54 PM	9	322.5	46.1	12	4.1	1.3
07/18/06 02:00 PM	11	325.9	46.5	12	4.1	1.3
07/18/06 02:06 PM	8	314.5	45.1	12	4.1	1.3
07/18/06 02:12 PM	8	317.0	45.1	12	4.1	1.3
07/18/06 02:18 PM	7	318.0	46.0	12	4.1	1.3
Average	9	313.5	44.2	12	4.1	1.3
btu/hr						
Bark	44.2 TPH		4350 btu / lb	384,567,883		
Oil	12 GPM		148000 btu / gal	108,615,189		
Gas	4.1 MCFH		1031 btu / cf	4,178,081		
TDF	0.7 tph		15500 btu / lb	20,274,552		
517,635,706 total heat input						

TDF is for both No. 1 and No. 2 Combination Boilers.

No. 2 Combination Boiler
EP Data

	Field 1		Field 2		Field 3	
	37ev020b.pv	37ea020a.pv	37ev021b.pv	37ea021a.pv	37ev022b.pv	37ea022a.pv
	Kv	Ma	Kv	Ma	Kv	Ma
07/18/06 09:30 AM	25.93	14.39	26.13	10.62	13.48	34.31
07/18/06 09:45 AM	26.41	13.56	26.71	10.47	13.91	35.25
07/18/06 10:00 AM	26.72	12.71	27.32	10.35	14.03	34.29
07/18/06 10:15 AM	27.28	12.53	27.70	10.26	14.41	34.15
07/18/06 10:30 AM	26.35	13.92	26.52	10.30	13.16	34.76
07/18/06 10:45 AM	26.18	13.85	26.47	10.12	13.47	34.31
07/18/06 11:00 AM	26.02	12.98	25.83	10.13	13.16	35.30
07/18/06 11:15 AM	27.27	12.29	27.65	10.12	13.97	33.69
07/18/06 11:30 AM	25.70	13.60	26.73	10.56	13.24	35.08
07/18/06 11:45 AM	27.10	12.25	27.52	10.30	13.81	33.79
07/18/06 12:00 PM	25.42	14.25	25.58	10.67	12.65	34.52
07/18/06 12:15 PM	25.73	13.58	26.31	10.17	12.89	34.51
07/18/06 12:30 PM	25.07	14.42	25.68	10.15	12.28	35.60
07/18/06 12:45 PM	25.15	13.69	25.81	10.09	12.81	34.34
07/18/06 01:00 PM	25.41	13.61	26.34	10.25	12.91	33.99
07/18/06 01:15 PM	25.71	13.02	26.38	10.03	12.74	34.90
07/18/06 01:30 PM	26.08	13.72	26.89	9.63	13.24	33.80
07/18/06 01:45 PM	25.74	12.80	26.56	9.93	12.89	34.35
07/18/06 02:00 PM	26.28	11.82	26.83	9.26	12.84	33.81
07/18/06 02:15 PM	25.83	12.46	25.93	9.69	12.28	33.77